AMENDMENT TO SENATE AMENDMENT TO H.R. 8404

OFFERED BY MR. ROY OF TEXAS

Page 1, strike line 4, and insert the following (and redesignate succeeding provisions accordingly):

1 TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

2 SEC. 101. FINDINGS.

Page 6, after line 10, insert the following:

3 TITLE II—RELIGIOUS BELIEFS

4 AND MORAL CONVICTIONS

- 5 SEC. 201. PROTECTION OF THE FREE EXERCISE OF RELI-
- 6 GIOUS BELIEFS AND MORAL CONVICTIONS.
- 7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 7 of title
- 8 1, United States Code, section 1738C of title 28, United
- 9 States Code, or any other provision of law, the Federal
- 10 Government shall not take any discriminatory action
- 11 against a person, wholly or partially on the basis that such
- 12 person speaks, or acts, in accordance with a sincerely held
- 13 religious belief, or moral conviction, that marriage is or
- 14 should be recognized as a union of—
- 15 (1) one man and one woman; or

1	(2) two individuals as recognized under Federal
2	law.
3	(b) DISCRIMINATORY ACTION DEFINED.—As used in
4	subsection (a), a discriminatory action means any action
5	taken by the Federal Government to—
6	(1) alter in any way the Federal tax treatment
7	of, or cause any tax, penalty, or payment to be as-
8	sessed against, or deny, delay, or revoke an exemp-
9	tion from taxation under section 501(a) of the Inter-
10	nal Revenue Code of 1986 of, any person referred to
11	in subsection (a);
12	(2) disallow a deduction for Federal tax pur-
13	poses of any charitable contribution made to or by
14	such person;
15	(3) withhold, reduce the amount or funding for,
16	exclude, terminate, or otherwise make unavailable or
17	deny, any Federal grant, contract, subcontract, co-
18	operative agreement, guarantee, loan, scholarship, li-
19	cense, certification, accreditation, employment, or
20	other similar position or status from or to such per-
21	son;
22	(4) withhold, reduce, exclude, terminate, or oth-
23	erwise make unavailable or deny, any entitlement or
24	benefit under a Federal benefit program, including
25	admission to, equal treatment in, or eligibility for a

1 degree from an educational program, from or to 2 such person; or (5) withhold, reduce, exclude, terminate, or oth-3 4 erwise make unavailable or deny, access or an entitlement to Federal property, facilities, educational 5 6 institutions, speech for (including traditional, lim-7 ited, and nonpublic fora), or charitable fundraising 8 campaigns from or to such person. 9 (c) Accreditation; Licensure; Certification.— The Federal Government shall consider accredited, li-10 censed, or certified for purposes of Federal law any person 11 12 that would be accredited, licensed, or certified, respectively, for such purposes but for a determination against such person wholly or partially on the basis that the per-14 15 son speaks, or acts, in accordance with a sincerely held religious belief or moral conviction described in subsection 16 17 (a). 18 SEC. 202. JUDICIAL RELIEF. 19 (a) Cause of Action.—A person may assert an actual or threatened violation of this title as a claim or de-20 21 fense in a judicial or administrative proceeding and obtain 22 compensatory damages, injunctive relief, declaratory re-23 lief, or any other appropriate relief against the Federal Government. Standing to assert a claim or defense under

- 1 this section shall be governed by the general rules of
- 2 standing under article III of the Constitution.
- 3 (b) Administrative Remedies Not Required.—
- 4 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an action
- 5 under this section may be commenced, and relief may be
- 6 granted, in a district court of the United States without
- 7 regard to whether the person commencing the action has
- 8 sought or exhausted available administrative remedies.
- 9 (c) Attorneys' Fees.—Section 722(b) of the Re-
- 10 vised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1988(b)) is amended by insert-
- 11 ing "title II of the Respect for Marriage Act," after "the
- 12 Religious Land Use and Institutionalized Persons Act of
- 13 2000,".
- 14 (d) Authority of United States to Enforce
- 15 This Title.—The Attorney General may bring an action
- 16 for injunctive or declaratory relief against an independent
- 17 establishment described in section 104(1) of title 5, United
- 18 States Code, or an officer or employee of that independent
- 19 establishment, to enforce compliance with this title. Noth-
- 20 ing in this subsection shall be construed to deny, impair,
- 21 or otherwise affect any right or authority of the Attorney
- 22 General, the United States, or any agency, officer, or em-
- 23 ployee of the United States, acting under any law other
- 24 than this subsection, to institute or intervene in any pro-
- 25 ceeding.

1 SEC. 203. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 2 (a) No Preemption, Repeal, or Narrow Con-
- 3 STRUCTION.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to
- 4 preempt State law, or repeal Federal law, that is equally
- 5 or more protective of free exercise of religious beliefs and
- 6 moral convictions. Nothing in this title shall be construed
- 7 to narrow the meaning or application of any State or Fed-
- 8 eral law protecting free exercise of religious beliefs and
- 9 moral convictions.
- 10 (b) No Prevention of Providing Benefits or
- 11 Services.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to pre-
- 12 vent the Federal Government from providing, either di-
- 13 rectly or through a person not seeking protection under
- 14 this title, any benefit or service authorized under Federal
- 15 law.
- 16 (c) No Affirmation or Endorsement of
- 17 Views.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to affirm
- 18 or otherwise endorse a person's belief, speech, or action
- 19 about marriage.
- 20 (d) Severability.—If any provision of this title or
- 21 any application of such provision to any person or cir-
- 22 cumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder
- 23 of this title and the application of the provision to any
- 24 other person or circumstance shall not be affected.
- 25 SEC. 204. DEFINITIONS.
- 26 In this title:

1	(1) Federal Benefit Program.—The term
2	"Federal benefit program" has the meaning given
3	that term in section 552a of title 5, United States
4	Code.
5	(2) Federal; federal government.—The
6	terms "Federal" and "Federal Government" relate
7	to and include—
8	(A) any department, commission, board, or
9	other agency of the Federal Government;
10	(B) any officer, employee, or agent of the
11	Federal Government; and
12	(C) the District of Columbia and all Fed-
13	eral territories and possessions.
14	(3) Person.—The term "person" means a per-
15	son as defined in section 1 of title 1, United States
16	Code, except that such term shall not include—
17	(A) publicly traded for-profit entities;
18	(B) Federal employees acting within the
19	scope of their employment;
20	(C) Federal for-profit contractors acting
21	within the scope of their contract; or
22	(D) hospitals, clinics, hospices, nursing
23	homes, or other medical or residential custodial
24	facilities with respect to visitation, recognition
25	of a designated representative for health care

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decisionmaking, or refusal to provide medical
treatment necessary to cure an illness or injury.

